AFCoKaRE Practice Problem 31.1 Solution

<u>Purpose</u>: This problem will allow you to practice the quantitative analysis of a recycle PFR.

Problem Statement: Problem 30.1 described a thermally backmixed PFR. Suppose that instead of passing the effluent from that reactor through a heat exchanger to heat the feed, part of the feed was recycled at a recycle ratio of 1.0. How does the conversion compare to that of the thermally backmixed PFR (72%)? Specifically, liquid phase reaction (1) is exothermic with a constant heat of reaction of -75.6 kJ mol-1. The second order (in A) rate coefficient has a pre-exponential factor of 5.22 x 10³ m³ mol⁻¹ min⁻¹ and an activation energy of 62.8 kJ mol⁻¹. A solution of 1 M A at 20 °C is fed to the process at a rate of 1.25 L min⁻¹. It is mixed with the recycle stream from the outlet of a 0.5 m³ PFR operating adiabatically with a recycle ratio of 1.0. The heat capacity of the solution is constant and equal to 2 J mL K⁻¹. What percentage of the A in the feed will be converted and at what temperature will the final process stream leave the reactor?

$$A \rightarrow Z$$
 (1)