## A First Course on Kinetics and Reaction Engineering Unit 2. Activity 1 Handout

## **Problem Statement**

Suppose a mixture of 3 moles of steam and 1 mole of carbon monoxide is going to react according to reaction (1) to produce a half mole each of hydrogen and carbon dioxide. The reaction will take place at 270 °C and 322 psia. Calculate the standard heat of reaction at 270 °C and 322 psia.

$$CO + H_2O \rightleftharpoons CO_2 + H_2 \tag{1}$$

## **Problem Solution**

The standard heats of combustion at 298 K of CO and  $H_2$  were found in a thermodynamics textbook. Carbon dioxide and water don't have heats of combustion, but their heats of formation at 298 K were found in the same book. The values, in cal mol<sup>-1</sup>, are as follows:

$$\Delta H^{0}_{f(298K),CO_{2}} = -94,052$$
$$\Delta H^{0}_{f(298K),H_{2}O_{(l)}} = -68,317$$
$$\Delta H^{0}_{c(298K),CO} = -67,636$$
$$\Delta H^{0}_{c(298K),H_{2}} = -68,317$$

Equations (2) and (3) were combined and used, with the values above, to compute the standard heat of reaction at 298 K:

$$\Delta H^0_{j(298K)} = \sum_{\substack{i=\text{ all species}}} v_{i,j} \Delta H^0_{f(298K),i}$$
(2)

$$\Delta H_{j(298K)}^{0} = \sum_{\substack{i=\text{ all species}}} v_{i,j} \left( -\Delta H_{c(298K),i}^{0} \right)$$
(3)

$$\Delta H^{0}_{1(298K)} = v_{CO,1} \left( -\Delta H^{0}_{c(298K),CO} \right) + v_{CO_{2},1} \Delta H^{0}_{f(298K),CO_{2}} + v_{H_{2}O,1} \Delta H^{0}_{f(298K),H_{2}O_{(l)}} + v_{H_{2},1} \left( -\Delta H^{0}_{c(298K),H_{2}} \right) = (-1)(67,636) + (0.5)(-94,052) + (-3)(-68,317) + (0.5)(68,317) = 124,447.5 \text{ cal mol}^{-1}$$

The heat capacities of liquid water and gaseous CO,  $H_2$  and CO<sub>2</sub> were also found in the same thermodynamics textbook. Their values, in cal mol<sup>-1</sup> K<sup>-1</sup>, are as follows:  $H_2O = 1.0$ , CO = 6.42, CO<sub>2</sub> =

6.214 and  $H_2$  = 6.947. With these values and the result above, the standard heat of reaction could be found using equation (4).

$$\Delta H_{j(T)}^{0} = \Delta H_{j(298K)}^{0} + \sum_{\substack{i=\text{ all } \\ \text{species}}} \left( v_{i,j} \int_{298K}^{T} \hat{C}_{p,i} dT \right)$$

$$\Delta H_{j(T)}^{0} = \Delta H_{j(298K)}^{0} + \sum_{\substack{i=\text{ all } \\ \text{species}}} \left( v_{i,j} \hat{C}_{p,i} (T - 298) \right)$$

$$\Delta H_{1(T)}^{0} = 124,447.5 + (-1)(6.42)(543 - 298) + (0.5)(6.214)(543 - 298) + (-3)(1.0)(543 - 298) + (0.5)(6.947)(543 - 298)$$

$$(0.5)(0.5+7)(0$$

 $\Delta H^{0}_{1(543K)} = 123,751.82 \text{ cal mol}^{-1}$